

**HUBUNGAN DUKUNGAN SUAMI DENGAN PERILAKU SKRINING KANKER
SERVIKS MELALUI PEMERIKSAAN IVA PADA PUS DI WILAYAH KERJA
PUSKESMAS SEYEGAN TAHUN 2026**

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ABSTRAK

Latar belakang: Kanker serviks menjadi salah satu penyebab utama kematian perempuan di Indonesia, namun cakupan pemeriksaan IVA di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Seyegan masih rendah. Wilayah ini memiliki budaya patriarki di mana keputusan kesehatan reproduksi istri sangat bergantung pada dukungan suami. Sebagian besar penelitian sebelumnya menilai dukungan hanya dari persepsi istri dan secara umum, belum membedah keempat bentuk dukungan secara terpisah. Penelitian ini bertujuan menganalisis hubungan dukungan suami langsung dari perspektif suami dengan perilaku pemeriksaan IVA.

Metode: Jenis penelitian ini adalah analitik observasional dengan rancangan potong lintang. Pengambilan sampel dilakukan secara total sampling sebanyak 367 orang. Pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner. Analisis data dilakukan dengan uji statistik *Chi-Square*.

Hasil: Sebagian besar responden menerima dukungan suami dalam kategori baik, namun mayoritas istri tidak melakukan pemeriksaan IVA. Hasil uji statistik menunjukkan nilai $p = 0,012$ ($< 0,05$) dan nilai *Odds Ratio* sebesar 2,13 dengan interval kepercayaan 95% (1,17–3,88).

Kesimpulan: Terdapat hubungan bermakna antara dukungan suami dengan perilaku pemeriksaan IVA. Dukungan emosional paling berpengaruh, diikuti dukungan instrumental dan informasional, sedangkan dukungan penilaian tidak memiliki hubungan bermakna.

Kata kunci: Dukungan suami, pemeriksaan IVA

**THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN HUSBANDS' SUPPORT AND BEHAVIOR OF
VISUAL INSPECTION WITH ACETIC ACID (VIA) EXAMINATION AMONG
COUPLES OF REPRODUCTIVE AGE IN THE WORKING AREA OF SEYEGAN
COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER IN 2026**

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ABSTRACT

Background: Cervical cancer was one of the leading causes of cancer-related death among women in Indonesia, yet IVA examination coverage in the working area of Seyegan Primary Health Center remained low. This area adhered to a patriarchal culture, where decisions regarding women's reproductive health depended heavily on husband's support. Most previous studies assessed support only from wives perceptions and in general terms, without separately examining the four specific forms of support. This study aimed to analyze the relationship between husbands support measured directly from husband's perspectives—and IVA examination behavior.

Objective: To determine the relationship between husband's support and the behavior of VIA examination among couples of reproductive age in the working area of Seyegan Community Health Center.

Methods: This was an observational analytical study with a cross-sectional design. The sample consisted of 367 respondents selected using total sampling. Data were collected via questionnaires and analyzed using the Chi-Square statistical test.

Result: Most respondents reported receiving good husband support, yet the majority of wives had not undergone IVA examination. Statistical testing yielded a *p*-value of 0.012 (< 0.05) and an Odds Ratio of 2.13 with a 95% confidence interval of 1.17–3.88.

Conclusion: There was a significant relationship between husbands' support and IVA examination behavior. Emotional support had the strongest influence, followed by instrumental and informational support, whereas appraisal support showed no significant relationship.

Keywords: Husband's support, VIA examination