

**CHARACTERISTIC DESCRIPTION OF WOMEN OF FERTILE AGE WITH
BREAST CANCER AT CANGKRINGAN PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER, 2025**

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ABSTRACT

Background: Breast cancer is one of the leading causes of morbidity and mortality among women in Indonesia, particularly among women of reproductive age (WRA). Factors such as age, education, marital status, and occupation play a role in the risk and early detection of breast cancer.

Objective: To determine the characteristics of women of reproductive age with breast cancer at Cangkringan Public Health Center in 2025.

Methods: This descriptive study with a cross-sectional design used secondary data from Electronic Medical Records involving 21 respondents selected through a total sampling technique during the period from January to December 2025. Data analysis was performed using univariate analysis.

Result: Most respondents were aged >40 years (61.9%), had secondary education (76.2%), were married (90.5%), and unemployed or housewives (85.7%).

Conclusion: Women of reproductive age with breast cancer at Cangkringan Public Health Center in 2025 were predominantly aged ≥ 40 years, had a secondary education level, were married, and unemployed.

Keywords: Breast cancer, breast cancer characteristics, women of reproductive age.

GAMBARAN KARAKTERISTIK WANITA USIA SUBUR DENGAN KANKER PAYUDARA DI PUSKESMAS CANGKRINGAN TAHUN 2025

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ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Kanker payudara merupakan salah satu penyebab utama morbiditas dan mortalitas pada wanita di Indonesia, terutama pada wanita usia subur (WUS). Faktor yang mempengaruhi seperti usia, pendidikan, status pernikahan, dan pekerjaan berperan dalam risiko serta deteksi dini kanker payudara.

Tujuan: Mengetahui gambaran karakteristik wanita usia subur dengan kanker payudara di Puskesmas Cangkringan tahun 2025.

Metode: Penelitian deskriptif desain *cross-sectional* menggunakan data sekunder rekam medis elektronik. Populasi penelitian ini adalah wanita usia subur dengan kanker payudara di Puskesmas Cangkringan pada periode 1 Januari sampai 30 Desember 2025 dengan menggunakan teknik total sampling. Analisis data dilakukan secara univariat.

Hasil: Sebagian besar wanita usia subur di Puskesmas Cangkringan tahun 2025 berusia >40 tahun (61.9%), berpendidikan menengah SMA (76.2%), berstatus menikah (90.5%), dan tidak bekerja atau sebagai ibu rumah tangga (85.7%).

Kesimpulan: Wanita usia subur dengan kanker payudara di Puskesmas Cangkringan tahun 2025 didominasi usia ≥ 40 tahun, pendidikan menengah, berstatus menikah, dan tidak bekerja.

Kata Kunci: Kanker payudara, karakteristik kanker payudara, wanita usia subur.