

CHARACTERISTIC DESCRIPTION OF WOMEN WITH BREAST CANCER IN MLATI II PRIMARY HEALTH CENTER IN 2025

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ABSTRACT

Background: Breast cancer is one of the most common types cancers among women and remains a major public health problem in Indonesia. Characteristics of women with breast cancer, such as age, educational level, marital status, and employment status, may influence the risk of developing breast cancer as well as efforts toward early detection of the disease.

The Purpose: To determine the characteristics of women with breast cancer at Mlati II Primary Health Center in 2025.

Methods: A descriptive cross-sectional study was conducted using secondary data from electronic medical records of 52 women with breast cancer from February 1, 2025, to December 29, 2025. Data were analyzed using univariate analysis.

Results: The majority of women with breast cancer at Mlati II Primary Health Center in 2025 were aged over 40 years (78.9%), had a secondary level of education (senior high school) (84.6%), were married (96.2%), and were unemployed (78.8%).

Conclusion: Most women with breast cancer at Mlati II Primary Health Center in 2025 were aged over 40 years, had a secondary level of education, were married, and were unemployed.

Keywords: Breast cancer, age, education level, marital status, employment status..

GAMBARAN KARAKTERISTIK WANITA PENDERITA KANKER PAYUDARA DI PUSKESMAS MLATI II TAHUN 2025

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ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Kanker payudara merupakan salah satu jenis kanker dengan angka kejadian yang tinggi pada wanita dan masih menjadi masalah kesehatan di Indonesia. Karakteristik wanita penderita kanker payudara, seperti usia, tingkat pendidikan, status pernikahan, dan status pekerjaan, dapat berperan dalam risiko terjadinya kanker payudara serta upaya deteksi dini penyakit tersebut.

Tujuan: Diketahui karakteristik wanita penderita kanker payudara di Puskesmas Mlati II pada tahun 2025.

Metode: Penelitian deskriptif *cross-sectional* menggunakan data sekunder Rekam Medis Elektronik dari 52 wanita penderita kanker payudara sejak 1 Februari 2025 sampai 29 Desember 2025. Analisis data dilakukan secara univariat.

Hasil Penelitian: Sebagian besar (78,9%) wanita penderita kanker payudara pada tahun 2025 berusia di atas 40 tahun, (84,6%) tingkat pendidikan menengah (SMA), (96,2%) wanita berstatus menikah, (78,8%) tidak bekerja.

Kesimpulan: Wanita penderita kanker payudara di Puskesmas Mlati II tahun 2025 sebagian besar usia ≥ 40 tahun, pendidikan menengah, berstatus menikah, dan tidak bekerja.

Kata Kunci: Kanker payudara, usia, tingkat pendidikan, status pernikahan, status pekerjaan.