

**HUBUNGAN PENDAMPINGAN SUAMI DENGAN LAMA PERSALINAN
KALA 2 DI RUMAH SAKIT ISLAM YOGYAKARTA “PDHI”
TAHUN 2021/2022**

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ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Tujuan pembangunan kesehatan tertuang dalam deklarasi *Sustainable Development Goal's* (SDGs), targetnya adalah menurunkan Angka Kematian Ibu (AKI) menjadi kurang dari 70/100.000 kelahiran hidup pada tahun 2030. Salah satu cara menurunkan AKI adalah persalinan yang aman dengan melibatkan suami dalam memberikan dukungan selama proses persalinan.

Tujuan: Mengetahui adanya hubungan pendampingan suami dengan lama persalinan kala 2 pada ibu bersalin normal di Rumah Sakit Islam Yogyakarta “PDHI”.

Metode: Penelitian ini menggunakan rancangan *cross sectional* dengan tehnik sampling *non probability*, yaitu *purposive sampling*. Didapat jumlah sampel 70 ibu bersalin. Analisis dengan menggunakan *Chi-Square* dan uji Fisher dengan *SPSS*. Penelitian ini menggunakan data primer. Data diperoleh dengan wawancara responden menggunakan instrumen kuesioner pendampingan suami dan lembar observasi kala 2 persalinan yang diisi oleh peneliti atau penolong persalinan.

Hasil: Didapat hasil out put uji Fisher hubungan pendampingan suami dan kala 2 persalinan $p\text{-value} = 0,007$ artinya ada hubungan yang signifikan antara pendampingan suami dan kala 2 persalinan. Hasil out put uji *Chi Square* hubungan *emotional support* dengan lama kala 2 $p\text{-value} < 0,001$ artinya ada hubungan yang signifikan antara *emotional support* dan kala 2 persalinan. Out put uji Fisher *informational support* dengan lama kala 2 $p\text{-value} = 1$ artinya hubungan yang tidak signifikan antara *informational support* dengan lama kala 2 persalinan. Out put uji Fisher hubungan *physical support* dengan lama kala 2 persalinan $p\text{-value} = 1$, artinya hubungan yang tidak signifikan antara *physical support* dan lama kala 2 persalinan. Out put uji Fisher hubungan antara *appraisal support* dan lama kala 2 persalinan $p\text{-value} = 0,435$, artinya hubungan yang tidak signifikan antara *appraisal support* dan kala 2 persalinan.

Kata Kunci: Pendampingan suami, lama kala 2 persalinan

**HUSBAND'S SUPPORT ON DELIVERY STAGE 2 DURATION
IN YOGYAKARTA ISLAMIC HOSPITAL "PDHI"
2021-2022**

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ABSTRACT

Background: The health development purpose is stated in the Sustainable Development Goal's (SDGs) declaration, the target is to reduce the Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) to 70/100,000 life delivery in 2030. One of the method in reducing MMR is through safe delivery by involving husbands in providing support during the delivery process.

Objective: To define the correlation between husband support on the second stage of delivery for mothers with normal labor at the Yogyakarta Islamic Hospital "PDHI"

Methods: This study applied a *cross sectional* design with a *non-probability* sampling technique, that's called *purposive sampling*. The number of samples obtained was 70 delivering mothers. The analysis used here was *Chi Square* and Fisher test were implemented with SPSS. The study used a primary data obtained by conducting interviews with the respondents using questionnaire instruments containing husband support and observation paper stage 2 completed by researcher or delivery assistant.

Results: The results containing husband support and delivery stage 2 indicated that $p\text{-value} = 0.007$ and proved there was a significant correlation between husband's support and the second stage of delivery. The results of the *Chi Square* test on emotional support and the duration of the second stage, $p\text{-value} < 0.001$, indicated that there was a significant correlation between emotional support and the second stage of labor. The output of the Fisher test on informational support with the duration of the second stage of delivery, $p\text{-value} = 1$, showed that there was an insignificant correlation between informational support and the length of the second stage of delivery. Fisher's test output on the correlation between physical support and the length of the second stage of labor, $p\text{-value} = 1$, meant that there was an insignificant correlation between physical support and the length of the second stage of delivery. Fisher's test output on the correlation between appraisal support and the length of the second stage of labor, showed that $p\text{-value} = 0.435$, meant that there was an insignificant correlation between appraisal support and the second stage of labor.

Keyword: Husband's support, second stage of delivery.