

**DESCRIPTION OF PARENT KNOWLEDGE ABOUT PHYSICAL
VIOLENCE IN CHILDREN IN NGLEMPONGSARI
RW 24 SARIHARJO NGAGLIK
SLEMAN YOGYAKARTA**

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ABSTRACT

Violence is any act against a child which results in physical misery or suffering. A study said 32.5% of boys experienced physical violence, 77% of them came from family. In Indonesia, there have been 23 cases of physical violence which have caused children to die with various actions such as being beaten, held captive, ironed, put in place, lit by cigarettes and poisoned. The purpose of this study to know the description of parents' knowledge about physical violence in children in Nglempongsari Hamlet RW 24 Sariharjo Ngaglik Sleman Yogyakarta. This type of research used is descriptive research with survey research design. The study population was 41 parents who had children aged 7-12 years. Sampling using consecutive sampling technique. The research instrument was a questionnaire. The results showed that parents' knowledge of physical violence in the good category was based on age as much as 46.3%, education as much as 41.5%, sex as much as 78.0%, and employment as much as 46.3%. Conclusion parental knowledge about physical violence in children aged 7-12 years in good category.

Keywords: *Knowledge, physical violence, parents, children*

**GAMBARAN PENGETAHUAN ORANGTUA TENTANG KEKERASAN
FISIK PADA ANAK DI DUSUN NGLEMPONGSARI
RW 24 SARIHARJO NGAGLIK
SLEMAN YOGYAKARTA**

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INTISARI

Kekerasan adalah setiap perbuatan terhadap anak yang berakibat timbulnya kesengsaraan atau penderitaan secara fisik. Sebuah studi menyebutkan sebanyak 32,5% anak laki-laki mengalami kekerasan fisik, tindakan tersebut 77% berasal dari keluarga. Di Indonesia tercatat telah terjadi 23 kasus kekerasan fisik yang menyebabkan anak meninggal dunia dengan berbagai tindakan seperti dipukul, disekap, disetrika, dipasung, disulut rokok, hingga diracuni. Tujuan dari penelitian ini diketahuinya gambaran pengetahuan orangtua tentang kekerasan fisik pada anak di Dusun Nglempongsari RW 24 Sariharjo Ngaglik Sleman Yogyakarta. Metode penelitian ini menggunakan jenis penelitian yang digunakan adalah penelitian deskriptif dengan desain penelitian survey. Populasi penelitian adalah orangtua yang memiliki anak usia 7-12 tahun sebanyak 41 responden. Pengambilan sampel menggunakan teknik *concecutive sampling*. Instrumen penelitian berupa kuesioner. Hasil dari penelitian didapatkan gambaran pengetahuan orangtua tentang kekerasan fisik dalm kategori baik, yaitu berdasarkan usia sebanyak 46,3%, pendidikan sebanyak 41,5%, jenis kelamin sebanyak 78,0%, dan pekerjaan sebanyak 46,3%. Kesimpulannya, Pengetahuan orangtua tentang kekerasan fisik pada anak usia 7-12 tahun dalam kategori baik.

Kata Kunci: Pengetahuan, kekerasan fisik, orangtua, anak