

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : Angka Kematian Ibu (AKI) di Indonesia masih cukup tinggi. Berdasarkan Survei Penduduk Antar Sensus (SUPAS) 2015 masih menempati posisi 305 per 100 ribu kelahiran hidup. Berbagai upaya dilakukan pemerintah untuk menurunkan AKI, bayi baru lahir, bayi, dan balita, dengan penempatan bidan didesa, pemberdayaan keluarga, penggunaan buku KIA dan P4K, dan penyediaan fasilitas kesehatan PONEK dan PONEK.

Tujuan : Mengetahui tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang pengertian, manfaat, dan isi buku KIA di PMB Ni Wayan Witri, Yogyakarta. Karakteristik ibu hamil berdasarkan umur, pekerjaan, pendidikan, dan paritas.

Metode Penelitian : Jenis penelitian ini adalah Deskriptif. Lokasi penelitian ini di PMB Ni Wayan Witri, dimulai pada bulan februari 2020 hingga Mei 2020. Jumlah sampel sebanyak 32 ibu hamil, dengan menggunakan metode *sampling purposive*. Instrumen yang digunakan adalah kuesioner, sedangkan untuk analisa data dilakukan dengan analisis *unvariant*.

Hasil Penelitian : Tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang Buku KIA di PMB Ni Wayan Witri, terdapat 22 responden berkategori baik, 7 responden berkategori cukup, dan 3 responden berkategori kurang. Tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang pengertian buku KIA berkategori kurang, manfaat berkategori baik, dan isi berkategori baik. Karakteristik ibu hamil di PMB Ni Wayan Fitri mayoritas responden memiliki umur 20 – 35 tahun, pekerjaan swasta, pendidikan SMA/ SMK, dan memiliki paritas 1, 2, dan 3.

Kesimpulan : Banyak dari ibu hamil di PMB Ni Wayan Witri yang sudah mengerti cara memanfaatkan buku KIA.

Kata Kunci : Pengetahuan, ibu hamil, Buku Kesehatan Ibu dan Anak (KIA).

ABSTRACT

Background: Maternal mortality in Indonesia is still quite high. According to the Census population Survey 2015 still occupies a position of 305 per 100 thousand live births. Various efforts were made by the government to lower maternal mortality, newborns, infants and toddlers, with the placement of village midwives, family empowerment, the use of KIA and P4K books, and the provision of health facilities PONEK and PONEK.

Objective: Know the level of knowledge of pregnant women about the understanding, benefits, and content of KIA books in Self-midwives practice Ni Wayan Witri, Yogyakarta. Characteristics of expectant mothers based on age, occupation, education, and parity.

Research method: This type of research is descriptive. The location of this research was at Self-midwives practice Ni Wayan Witri, starting from February 2020 to May 2020. The number of samples is 32 pregnant women, using a sampling method purposive. The instrument used is a questionnaire, while the data analysis is done with unvariant analysis.

The results of the study: the level of knowledge of pregnant women about KIA's book in Self-midwives practice Ni Wayan Witri, there were 22 well-categorized respondents, 7 respondents with sufficient categories, and 3 respondents with less category. The level of knowledge of pregnant women about the understanding of KIA books is lacking, the benefits are well-categorized, and the content is well-categorized. Characteristics of expectant mothers in Self-midwives practice Ni Wayan Fitri The majority of respondents have a age of 20 – 35 years, private work, high school/SMK education, and has parity of 1, 2, and 3.

Conclusion: Many of the pregnant women in Self-midwives practice Ni Wayan Witri who already understand how to utilize the book KIA.

Keywords : knowledge, expectant mothers, maternal and child Health books (KIA).