

“HUBUNGAN TINGKAT KEPERCAYAAN TERHADAP BAHAYA VIRUS COVID-19 DENGAN PERILAKU IBU HAMIL DALAM MELAKUKAN ANTENATAL CARE DI PUSKESMAS DEPOK II SLEMAN YOGYAKARTA”

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ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Pemeriksaan ANC sangat penting dilakukan. Berdasarkan data Puskesmas Depok II, terjadi penurunan jumlah pasien ANC selama pandemi disebabkan munculnya rasa tidak aman akibat kekhawatiran tertular Covid-19. Tahun 2018 pasien ANC di Puskesmas Depok II berjumlah 2.115 orang, terus menurun selama covid-19, yaitu 1.850 orang (12,53%), tahun 2020 serta 1.792 orang (15,27%) pada tahun 2021.

Tujuan: Mengetahui hubungan antara tingkat kepercayaan terhadap bahaya covid-19 dengan perilaku ibu hamil dalam melakukan antenatal care di Puskesmas Depok II Sleman Yogyakarta.

Metode: Penelitian ini adalah penelitian *kuantitatif korelasional* dengan *purposive sampling*. Populasi dalam penelitian ini ibu hamil yang melakukan pemeriksaan kehamilan di Puskesmas Depok II sebanyak 114 orang dengan sampel sebanyak 89 orang. Pengumpulan data menggunakan alat berupa kuesioner. Pengujian hipotesis menggunakan aplikasi SPSS, uji *Pearson Correlations*.

Hasil: Karakteristik ibu hamil di Puskesmas Depok II sebagian besar pada rentang usia 20 - 35 Tahun yaitu 67 orang atau 75,3%. pendidikan terakhir para ibu hamil terbanyak pada jenjang pendidikan SMA/SMK yaitu 55 orang atau 61,8%. Dan trimester kehamilan mayoritas pada trimester ke II yakni 47 orang atau 52,8%. Terdapat hubungan positif yang kuat antara tingkat kepercayaan terhadap bahaya covid-19 dengan perilaku ibu hamil dalam melakukan *Antenatal Care* di Puskesmas Depok II Sleman Yogyakarta. Hal tersebut didasarkan pada hasil uji korelasi “*Perason Correlation*” berada pada 0,645 bernilai positif dan mendekati angkat 1.

Kesimpulan : Ada hubungan antara tingkat kepercayaan terhadap bahaya covid-19 dengan perilaku ibu hamil dalam melakukan *Antenatal Care* di Puskesmas Depok II Sleman Yogyakarta.

Kata kunci: Kepercayaan, Perilaku Ibu Hamil, Bahaya COVID-19.

**" RELATIONSHIP OF TRUST TOWARDS THE DANGERS OF COVID-19
VIRUS WITH THE BEHAVIOR OF PREGNANT MOTHERS IN DOING
ANTENATAL CARE AT PUSKESMAS DEPOK II SLEMAN
YOGYAKARTA "**

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ABSTRACT

Background: ANC examination is very important to do. Based on data from the Depok II Health Center, there was a decrease in the number of ANC patients during the pandemic due to the emergence of a sense of insecurity due to fears of contracting Covid-19. In 2018 there were 2,115 ANC patients at the Depok II Community Health Center, which continued to decline during Covid-19, namely 1,850 (12.53%), in 2020 and 1,792 (15.27%) in 2021.

Objective: To determine the relationship between the level of trust in the dangers of COVID-19 with the behavior of pregnant women in carrying out antenatal care at the Depok II Health Center, Sleman Yogyakarta.

Methods: This research is a correlational quantitative research with purposive sampling. The population in this study were 114 pregnant women who did a pregnancy check at the Depok II Health Center with a sample of 89 people. Collecting data using a tool in the form of a questionnaire. Hypothesis testing using SPSS application, Pearson Correlations test.

Results: The characteristics of pregnant women at Puskesmas Depok II were mostly in the age range of 20-35 years, namely 67 people or 75.3%. The most recent education of pregnant women was at the SMA/SMK education level, namely 55 people or 61.8%. And the majority of pregnancy trimesters are in the second trimester, namely 47 people or 52.8%. There is a strong positive relationship between the level of trust in the dangers of Covid-19 and the behavior of pregnant women in carrying out Antenatal Care at the Depok II Health Center, Sleman Yogyakarta. This is based on the results of the "Pearson Correlation" correlation test which is at 0.645 which is positive and close to lift 1.

Conclusion: There is a relationship between the level of trust in the dangers of covid-19 with the behavior of pregnant women in carrying out Antenatal Care at the Depok II Health Center, Sleman Yogyakarta.

Keywords: Belief, Behavior of Pregnant Women, Dangers of COVID-19.