

DESCRIPTION OF KNOWLEDGE LEVEL ABOUT *SECTION CAESARIAN DELIVERY* IN PREGNANT WOMEN IN SLEMAN PUSKESMAS IN 2022

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ABSTRACT

Background: method *sectio caesarea* in Indonesia in 2016 was 9.8% but increased in 2018 to 17.6% of the total number of deliveries. Increased incidence of *sectio caesarean section* because of the development of indications and the reduced risk and mortality. Based on basic health research in 2018 DI Yogyakarta was in 5th place with the percentage of *sectio caesarea* as much as 23.05% of the total births.

Objective: know the description of the level of knowledge about *caesarean section* in pregnant women at the Sleman Public Health Center.

Methods: This type of research is a survey (observational) with a *sectional research design*. The research subjects were pregnant women as many as 30 respondents. Data were collected using a written questionnaire with 20 questions regarding *caesarean*. The data that has been obtained is processed and analyzed with a frequency distribution.

Results: The results of the study were 30 respondents of pregnant women at the Sleman Health Center with the characteristics of pregnant women aged 20-35 years as much as 90.0%, secondary education level as much as 60.0%, not working as much as 63.3%, and pregnant women with a gestational age of 27-40 weeks as many as 56.7 %. The level of knowledge of pregnant women about *caesarean section* is mostly less knowledgeable than many respondents (53.3%).

Conclusion: The level of knowledge of pregnant women about *caesarean section* at the Sleman Health Center, in general, can be categorized as lacking.

Keywords: Level of knowledge, pregnant women, caesarean section delivery.

GAMBARAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN TENTANG PERSALINAN *SECTIO CAESAREA* PADA IBU HAMIL DI PUSKESMAS SLEMAN TAHUN 2022

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ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : Persalinan dengan metode *sectio caesarea* di Indonesia pada tahun 2016 sebanyak 9,8 % namun meningkat pada tahun 2018 menjadi 17,6 % dari keseluruhan jumlah persalinan. Meningkatnya kejadian *sectio caesarea* karena berkembangnya indikasi dan makin kecilnya risiko serta mortalitas. Berdasarkan riset kesehatan dasar pada tahun 2018 D. I. Yogyakarta berada pada urutan ke-5 dengan presentase *sectio caesarea* sebanyak 23,05% dari total kelahiran.

Tujuan : Diketahui gambaran tingkat pengetahuan tentang persalinan *sectio caesarea* pada ibu hamil di Pusekesmas Sleman.

Metode : Jenis penelitian ini adalah survey (observasional) dengan desain penelitian *crosssectional*. Subjek penelitian ibu hamil sebanyak 30 responden. Pengambilan data dilakukan menggunakan kuesioner tertulis sebanyak 20 pertanyaan mengenai persalinan *sectio caesarea*. Data yang sudah didapatkan diolah dan analisis dengan distribusi frekuensi.

Hasil : Hasil penelitian terdapat 30 responden ibu hamil di Puskesmas Sleman dengan karakteristik ibu hamil usia 20-35 tahun sebanyak 90.0 %, tingkat pendidikan menengah sebanyak 60.0 %, tidak bekerja sebanyak 63.3 %, dan ibu hamil dengan usia kehamilan 27 - 40 minggu sebanyak 56.7 %. Tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang persalinan *sectio caesarea* sebagian besar berpengetahuan kurang sebanyak responden (53.3 %).

Kesimpulan : Tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang persalinan *sectio caesarea* di Puskesmas Sleman secara umum dapat dikategorikan kurang.

Kata kunci : Tingkat pengetahuan, ibu hamil, persalinan *sectio caesarea*.

